Lesson 2　Curry Travels around the World　[Part 1]

New Words

新出語	品詞	意味	新出語	品詞	意味
1. curry			10. appear		
5. introduce			11. mix		
5. recipe			12. able		
7. spice			13. easily		
9. century			14. spread		
9. powder					

True or False

1. Indian people began using the word "curry."　(　　　)

2. Warren Hastings brought curry powder from India.　(　　　)

Check Up!

1. Where was curry born?

　－(　　　　　　　　) was born in (　　　　　　).

2. Who introduced a recipe for curry to the UK?

　－(　　　　　　) (　　　　　　　) did.

3. What happened in the early 19th century?

　－The (　　　　　　　) curry powder (　　　　　　　　) in the UK.

Sum Up!

Curry was (　　　　　　　　) in India.　In 1722, Warren Hastings introduced a (　　　　　　　) for "curry" to the UK.　Then, British people began eating curry.　In the 19th century, the first curry (　　　　　　　) appeared.　After that, curry (　　　　　　　) across the UK.

[　powder / spread / recipe / born　]

Grammar　動名詞
be 動詞＋動詞の過去分詞「〜される[されている]」[受動態]
A recipe for curry as introduced from India to the UK. カレーの調理法はインドからイギリスに（　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　）。

Lesson 2　Curry Travels around the World　[Part 2]

New Words

新出語	品詞	意味	新出語	品詞	意味
1. era			4. frog		
1. import			4. meat		
3. expensive			7. military		
4. surprisingly			7. soldier		
4. onion			10. hometown		

True or False

1. Early in the Meiji era, frog meat was used in curry.　（　　　）

2. The Japanese soldiers could make a lot of curry at one time.　（　　　）

Check Up!

1. When was curry imported into Japan?

　－It was （　　　　　　　） early in the （　　　　　　　） era.

2. Who began cooking curry in the Japanese military?

　－（　　　　　　）in it did.

3. Where did the soldiers take the recipe for curry back to?

　－（　　　　　　）, took it back to their （　　　　　　）.

Sum Up!

Early in the Meiji era, curry was （　　　　　　　　） into Japan.　Soldiers in the Japanese （　　　　　　） began cooking curry.　They took the （　　　　　　） back home.　Then, curry became （　　　　　　） all over Japan.

　　　　　　　[　imported / popular / recipe / military　]

Grammar　現在完了形（継続）
have[has]＋動詞の過去分詞「（今まで）ずっと〜である」
Since the late Meiji era, curry **has been** popular all over Japan. 明治時代の後期から，カレーは日本中で （　　　　　） 一般的 （　　　　　）。