

# Why ~? / Because ~.

Book 1 pp.84-85 (Unit 8 Part 2)

## 解説

Why do you like cats?

— **Because** they are cute.

- ・「なぜ」と理由をたずねるときは、**why** を使う。
- ・「～だからです」と理由を答えるときは、**because** を使う。

## 練習問題

1 次の日本語の意味を表すように、文を完成させなさい。

(1) あなたはなぜ冬が好きなのですか。 — スキーができるからです。

\_\_\_\_\_ do you like winter? — \_\_\_\_\_ I can ski.

(2) あなたはなぜこの歌が好きなのですか。 — かつこいいからです。

\_\_\_\_\_ do you like this song? — \_\_\_\_\_ it's cool.

(3) トムはなぜチョコレートが好きなのですか。 — 甘いからです。

\_\_\_\_\_ Tom like chocolate? — \_\_\_\_\_ it's sweet.

(4) あの映画はなぜ人気があるのですか。 — わくわくさせるからです。

\_\_\_\_\_ that movie popular? — \_\_\_\_\_ it's exciting.

(5) 彼はなぜ熱心にサッカーの練習をするのですか。

— いつかブラジルでサッカーをしたいからです。

\_\_\_\_\_ he practice soccer hard?

— \_\_\_\_\_ he wants to play soccer in Brazil someday.

2 次の疑問文に答える文を ( ) 内の語句を使って作りなさい。

(1) Why do you like dogs? (cute)

\_\_\_\_\_

(2) Why do you get up early? (want to run in the park)

\_\_\_\_\_

(3) Why does Emi study hard? (wants to be a doctor)

\_\_\_\_\_

## 解答

Why ~? / Because ~.

1

- (1) Why / Because
- (2) Why / Because
- (3) Why does / Because
- (4) Why is / Because
- (5) Why does / Because

2

- (1) Because they are[they're] cute.
- (2) Because I[we] want to run in the park.
- (3) Because she wants to be a doctor.

# be 動詞の過去形

Book 1 pp.86-87 (Unit 8 Part 3)

## 解説

It **was** rainy yesterday.

It **was not** rainy yesterday.

**Was** it rainy yesterday?

— Yes, it **was**. / No, it **was not**.

◇短縮形

was not → wasn't

were not → weren't

• am, is の過去形は was になる。

• are の過去形は were になる。

## 練習問題

1 次の文を [ ] 内の指示にしたがって書きかえるとき, \_\_\_\_\_ に適する語を書きなさい。

(1) My hair is short now. [下線部を before に]

My hair \_\_\_\_\_ short before.

(2) I am a good dancer now. [下線部を before に]

I \_\_\_\_\_ a good dancer before.

(3) Those cats are small now. [下線部を last year に]

Those cats \_\_\_\_\_ small last year.

(4) I was tired last night. [否定文に]

I \_\_\_\_\_ tired last night.

(5) You were busy yesterday. [疑問文にして, Yes で答える]

\_\_\_\_\_ busy yesterday? — Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.

(6) Your mother was good at English. [疑問文にして, No で答える]

\_\_\_\_\_ your mother good at English? — No, \_\_\_\_\_.

2 次の日本語の意味を表すように, 文を完成させなさい。

(1) トムは先週アメリカにいました。

Tom \_\_\_\_\_ in the USA last week.

(2) あなたは昨年 12 歳でしたか。— いいえ, ちがいます。

\_\_\_\_\_ you twelve years old last year? — No, I \_\_\_\_\_.

(3) テレビは以前, 薄くありませんでした。それらはとても厚かったのです。

TVs \_\_\_\_\_ thin before. They \_\_\_\_\_ very thick.

## 解答

be 動詞の過去形

1

- (1) was
- (2) was
- (3) were
- (4) was not
- (5) Were you / was
- (6) Was / she wasn't

2

- (1) was
- (2) Were / was not
- (3) weren't / were